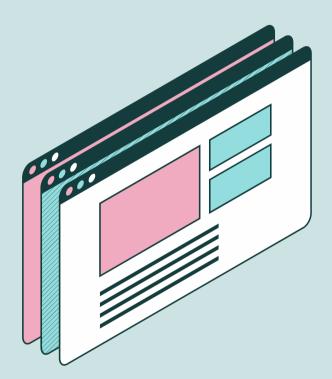
a queer sex ed community curriculum zine

#### Deconstructing the...

# <u>Biological Gender Binary</u>



Biologically-determined sex is a myth (let's get into it).

<u>Disclaimer</u>: the terms "male" and "female" appear throughout this zine. We have to look at them while we interrogate the false binary that insists on their use, but we're ultimately arguing against their validity.

**Myth**: Gender is a social construct, but sex is biologically determined.



This statement is what most of us are taught about sex and gender. Guess what? **Not true.** 

## Gender is a social construct, <u>and</u> **sex is not biologically determined**.

Numerous <u>scientific</u> and <u>sociological</u> studies have found evidence suggesting that the biological processes previously believed to determine a person's sex (genetics, hormones, etc.) have a **significantly smaller influence on sex and gender** then we previously thought.

## **Myth**: XX or XY chromosomes determine sex. (Guess what? **Not true.)**

The X and Y chromosomes carry over 1,400 genes, and **only a few** of these genes have anything to do with **sex characteristics**.

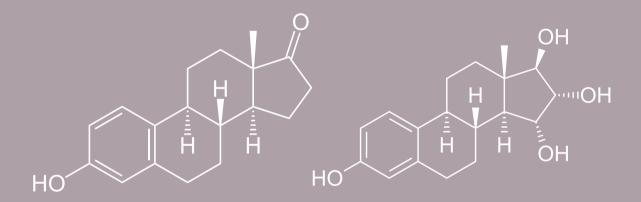
The X or Y chromosomes don't control the development of secondary sex characteristics. Those arise later in life, and are mostly regulated by hormones. People can be born with different combinations of X and Y chromosomes. For example, people can be born with a single X chromosome, or possibly and XXY.

People can be born with XY chromosomes but may not develop male sex characteristics without the presence of the SRY gene.

**Myth**: Hormones like estrogen or testosterone determine sex.

(Guess what? Not true.)

### All bodies produce both estrogen and testosterone.



Before puberty, most people have **no significant difference in estrogen and testosterone levels** in their bodies.

In adulthood, both "males" and "females" produce **almost** equal levels of estrogen and progesterone. ("Males" just tend to produce higher levels of testosterone).

### Myth: Being intersex is a rare "medical condition."

(Guess what? Not true.)



I. <u>Being intersex isn't a</u> <u>medical condition.</u> II. Intersex traits are very common.

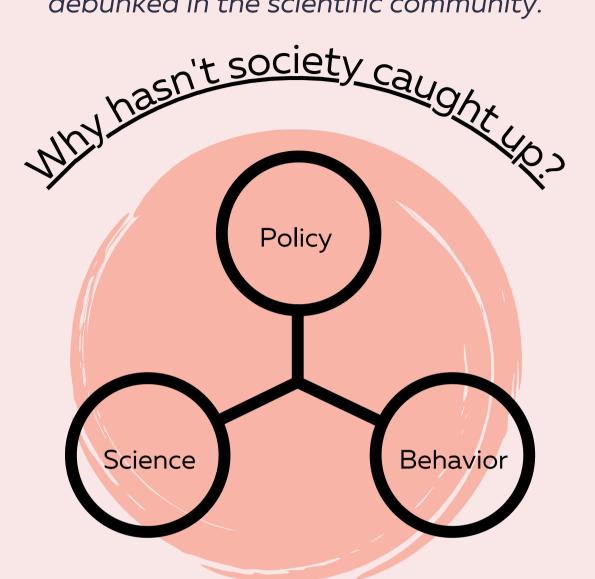
Intersex traits tend to be **medicalized**, which can lead to misinformation and nonconsensual surgeries.

Recent research suggests as many as **1 in 100 people** are born with some variety of an intersex trait.

det non-toinary, intersex & all other genders dre tionation of the transgender humans represent the complexity and diversity that are complexity and diversity that are fundamental features of life, evolution and nature itself."

- Sun, 2019

The myth of a biological gender binary is being **slowly** but **thoroughly** debunked in the scientific community.



The gender binary is deeply **foundational to the power imbalances** that sustain a white-supremacist, capitalist, and patriarchal society.

The binary is reinforced and reproduced in our <u>policies</u>, <u>science</u>, and <u>behavior</u>. **It is difficult but necessary to unlearn.** 

### <u>Sources</u>

A. Ainsworth, C. (2018, October 22). Sex Redefined: The Idea of 2 Sexes Is Overly Simplistic. Retrieved from https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/sex-redefined-the-idea-of-2-sexes-is-overly-simplistic1/

B. M. E., Says (. (2020, December 28). Sociology of Gender. Retrieved from https://othersociologist.com/sociology-of-gender/

C. Mikkola, M. (2017, October 25). Feminist Perspectives on Sex and Gender. Retrieved from https://plato.stanford.edu/entries/feminism-gender/#BioDet

D. Sun, S. D. (2019, June 13). Stop Using Phony Science to Justify Transphobia. Retrieved from https://blogs.scientificamerican.com/voices/stop-using-phonyscience-to-justify-transphobia/

E. US proposal for defining gender has no basis in science. (2018, October 30). Retrieved from https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-018-07238-8

